



Peru in the Investment Forum

Investment Forum | Rome, Italy | October 17-20,2023







SOCIO-ECONOMIC OVERVIEW

16.6 million people (50.5%) suffer moderate/severe food insecurity (SOFI, 2021)

41.1% of rural poverty (INEI, 2022) and 42.4% of childhood anemia in 2022

97% agricultural units of family farming: Only 3.8% receive technical advisory and 8.2% have access to credit

Family farming provides: 90% of NPV, 53% of food supply and 83% of agricultural employment.

COMPARATIVE AND COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGES

- High agrobiodiversity (diversity of climates and microclimates)
- Consolidated agro-export markets, with increasing participation of family farming
- Potential for organic and sustainable agriculture: integrating modern technology and traditional knowledge
- > Public incentives and investments



THE INVESTMENT CLIMATE



22 trade agreements and 56 open markets.



Peru ranked 5th in Latin America in the World Bank's Ease of Doing Business



Peru member of the WTO and full member of APEC, CAN and MERCOSUR



Maritime transport (2021-2022) 99 operational, tendered and certified port facilities.

- 58 Port Terminals and 41 Wharves

Main ports for public use:

- Callao Salaverry y Disco

Cargo capacity: 110.8 million tonnes

Chancay mega-port under construction.

1 million containers per year by 2025.

The largest is the Dacific

- The largest in the Pacific



Air transport (2021) 30 airports and more than 50 aerodromes operating for passengers and cargo traffic

Passenger transport capacity: 20 million

Cargo capacity: 227 million tons.



Land transportation (2021-2022) Road Network: 173'611.26 Km.

Projected Road Network: 6'664.66 Km.

8 operational railway lines

- Public: 1,700.8 km (87.09%)
- Private: 252.1 km (12.9%)



INVESTMENT FORUM 2022 RESULTS

Alliances for the cocoa and coffee chain value in Jaén and San Ignacio corridor, Cajamarca



Conversion of the corridor into an organic agroforestry system for the carbon bonds market



Collaborative work with the Cocoa Technical Roundtable and the Multi-Stakeholder Coffee Platform in Jaén and San Ignacio.





14 thousand hectares of coffee and cocoa incorporated into the HiH initiative



Initial investment of 1.8 million, requested in the first IF 2022















OTHER ALLIANCES 2022 - 2023



Agro-exporters (ADAS Group) for technical irrigation and pasture improvement in La Libertad (dairy chain)



Camposol and La Cobriza mining for commercial and productive improvement of organic high altitude avocado.



IPC and CITE Papa: articulation of the native potato chain of Junín and Huancavelica in the OCOP initiative















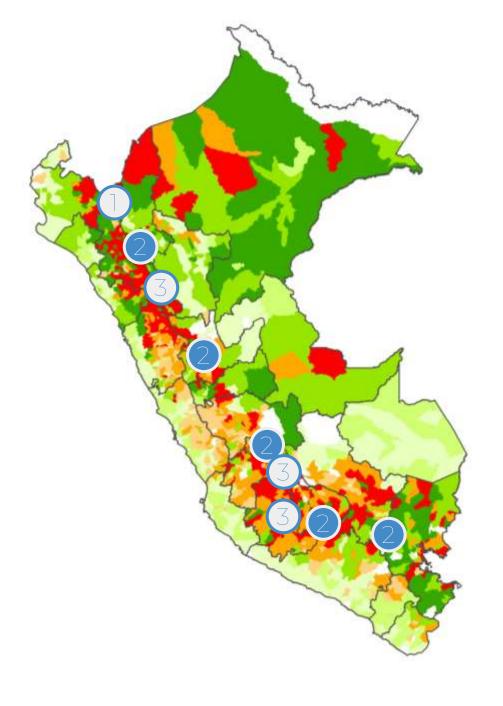


VALUE CHAIN NOTES

Coffee and native cocoa in Jaén and San Ignacio -Cajamarca

Native potato in 5 economic corridors

High altitude avocado in 3 economic corridors





INCENTIVES FOR INVESTMENT

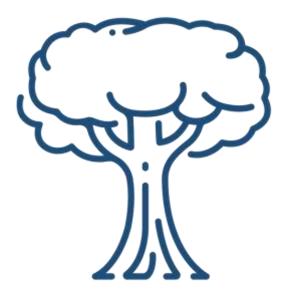
Tax benefit: in Jaén and San Ignacio income tax between 10% and 15% compared to 29.5% at the national level (Amazonian competitiveness law)

Expansion of supply for the domestic and external avocado market

Increase in supply and business opportunities for demand for a unique produce (native potato)

Expansion of the green financial market (carbon capture bonds)

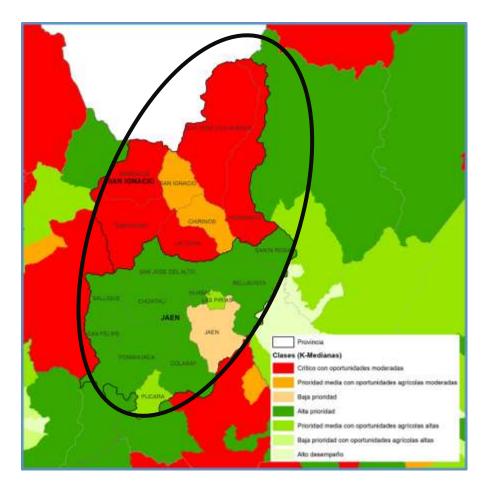






16-20 OCTOBER 2023

NATIVE COCOA AND ORGANIC COFFEE AGROFORESTRY SYSTEM





Diversified and sustainable organic cocoa and coffee production

Source: Hand-in-Hand typologies



NATIVE COCOA AND ORGANIC COFFEE AGROFORESTRY SYSTEM

Jaen and San Ignacio



Dominant region: 26% of the total MT of organic coffee is from Jaén and San Ignacio.



Perú 3° largest producer of cocoa in LATAM and 9° worldwide



Fine/flavour cocoa (internationally awarded) with minimal cadmium levels



Jaén, cradle of cocoa domestication: - 5300 years → Cacao Tourist Route (Complejo Montegrande)

- Export potential to EU: Low cadmium
- Approximately 14 thousand hectares without deforestation or expansion of the agricultural frontier.

 Robust cooperative sector: 11 coffee and 4

 Germplasm and genetic material bank for native and genetic material of native cocoa in alliance with INIA and the National University of Jaén.



NATIVE COCOA AND ORGANIC COFFEE AGROFORESTRY SYSTEM

Total investment USD 2,775,000

Investment description

Initial

investment

Cocoa nibs transformation plant.

USD 419,022

Bio-fertiliser plant for coffee and cocoa soil regeneration

USD 340,678

Microfinance to sustain productive

USD 1.162.000

Chocolate plant in Jaén.

USD 452,000

4 cocoa collection and primary processing USD 402,000 centres, to make use of mucilage

Addressed problems

Bulk marketing without added value: low prices

Soil degradation risk Amazonian soil fragility and low productivity

Limited financial access for family farmers

Cost-benefit metrics

Financial analysis

PV 3,802,950

C Ratio 27.49

Economic analysis USD

NPV 5,550,661

RR 44% B/C Ratio 185 Beneficiaries: 2,500 families directly and 12,500 indirectly

Increased income by 58% for cocoa and 30% for coffee, with additional improvement by collecting and credit access.

R: difficulties in accessing the European market, due to new regulations

M: cocoa with 0 cadmium, and together with coffee, they have production under agroforestry systems, without deforestation and 100% organic

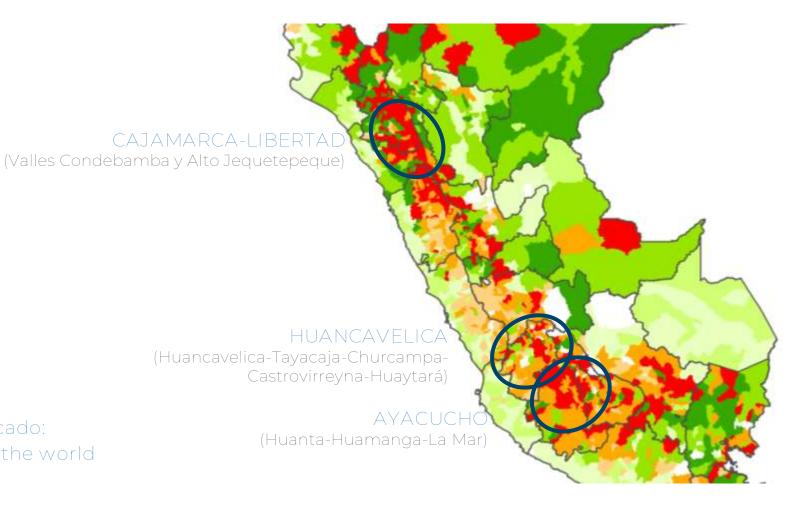


ORGANIC HIGH ALTITUDE AVOCADO CHAIN

3 corridors



Organic high altitude avocado: permanently feeding Peru and the world



Source: Hand-in-Hand typologies



INVESTMENT CONTEXT OF THE ORGANIC HIGH ALTITUDE AVOCADO CHAIN

Huancavelica



Different seasonality from that of coastal Hass avocado (harvest peak-between January to April. VS coastal harvest peak: March – August)

All-year round availability of



Peru: 3rd avocado producer and exporter worldwide.



33% more yield than that of coastal production. Availability of technical irrigation.

High performance



Main markets: The Netherlands, Spain, the United States and the United Kingdom.



Peruvian organic avocado market in sustained growth between 18% and 25% annually since 2019.

75% of producers in Huancavelica and Churcampa meet the conditions to be detected.

Organic certification



INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITY - ORGANIC HIGH ALTITUDE AVOCADO

Total investment USD 8,802,000

Investment description

Initial investment

Cluster of primary processing and technical assistance in organic production - Huancavelica corrido

USD 2,934,000

Cluster of primary processing and technical assistance in organic production - Ayacucho corridor

USD 3.912.000

Cluster of primary processing and technical assistance in organic production - Caiamarca-La Libertad corridor

USD 1,956,000

Addressed problems:

lack of organic certification for exports

Low productivity and uncoordinated production

Individual, bulk marketing, no quality grading and post-harvest losses: low prices

Cost-benefit metrics

Financial analysis US

NPV 4,913,856

Economic analysis USD

NPV 8,802,000

RR 42° B/C Ratio 1.25 Beneficiaries 4,500 families directly and 22,500 indirectly throughout the chain.

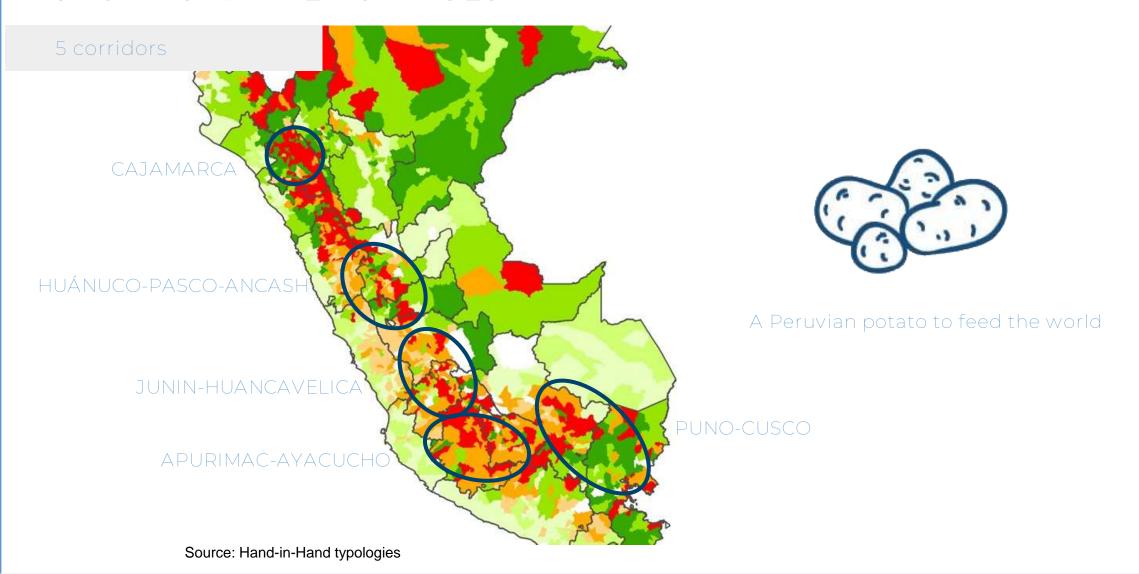
Increase in income: 40% -vertical transfer of profits by collecting and increase in sales price.

R: Reduction in international demand for avocado.

M: High altitude avocado production offers the advantage of providing supply in the months when the coast has no production.



ORGANIC NATIVE POTATOES





INVESTMENT CONTEXT IN THE NATIVE POTATO CHAIN

Junin and Huancavelica



Peru +4000 species, predominantly native.

Potato biodiversity



Origin cente and domestication by ancient civilizations (+7,000 years). Guarded by high Andean communities

Historical and cultural Identity



Organic production and/or best agricultura practices in native potatoes, with growing associativity.

Organic certification, with associativity

- Consumption of 92 kg/p/year in Perwith a tendency to keep growing
- Prices and growing production of native potatoes – Potential scaling of 7,500 additional hectares
- 5.5% increase of processed potato products in the global market 2020-26
- First produce eligible for public procurement (National School Feeding Programme)
- Peruvian legal framework for organic certification strengthened



INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES - Improvement in the production, processing and transformation of the native potato

Total investment USD 34,242,360

Investment description Initial investment

7 Certified seed production units

USD 2,055,635

Microfinance to strengthen capacity in increased potato production

JSD 2.958.108

5 clusters of potato collection, selection, and primary processing (cleaning and packaging): 10 plants of collection, selection

USD 17,097,190

5 Clusters of processing: 8 potato chips plants, 8 potato flour plants, 8 dehydrated potato plants and 1 potato starch plant. Total = 25 plants

USD 12,121,427

Productive Surface Increase 10,000 Ha in 5 economic corridors

Addressed problems:

Low productivity and low commercial quality: low prices

Limited financia

Individual, bulk marketing, no quality grading and no value addition: low profitability

Cost-benefit metrics

Financial analysis USD

NPV 52,251,582

RR 369 B/C Ratio 1.22

Economic analysis USD

NPV 52,387,823

IRR 29% B/C Ratio 1.15 Beneficiaries: 11,000 families directly and 30,000 indirectly throughout the chain.

Increase in income: 153% as a direct result of the primary processing plant.

R: Climate disasters: Lack of rainfall

M1: Use of varieties with higher resilience

M2: Exploitation of growing demand for native potatoes





SUSTAINABILITY AND SUPPORT FROM PUBLIC INVESTMENT

Native potato (5 corridors) USD 179.4 million for the potato chain.

Cocoa and coffee Jaén and San Ignacio USD 11.8 million for coffee and cocoa chains.

Avocado (3 corridors)

USD 17.4 million for the avocado chain.

Partly thanks to HIH support, the government is now investing \$208.6 million in 2023-24 to support the enabling conditions for these value chains.



FAO also facilitates partnerships with subnational governments to mobilize additional public investments in prioritized chains



PERU INVESTMENT PLAN

Summary

USD 45,820,360 Total Investment

28% Average IRR 18,000
Direct beneficiaries
65,000
Indirect beneficiaries

USD \$1,226 Increase in income 1,025 MT *
Emissions reduction
per capita (not include potato)

Intervention

NATIVE COCOA AND ORGANIC COFFEE

AGROFOREST SYSTEM – Jaén and San Ignacio

Cost (USD): 2,775,000

IRR (%): 27.4%

NPV: USD 3,802,950

Beneficiaries: 2,500 directly and 12,500 indirectly

Net Income increase per year:
USD 958/ per capita for cocoa and **USD 611/** per capita for coffee

Reduction of emissions per capita: 163.78 M1

Partners: Partial investments in the form of carbon capture with Rabobank.

Intervention

HIGH ALTITUDE AND ORGANIC AVOCADO CHAIN

-3 economic corridors

Cost (USD): 8,802,000 IRR (%): 24%

NPV: USD 4,913,856

Beneficiaries: 1,000 directly and 5,000 indirectly

Net Income increase per year: USD2703/ per capit

Reduction of emissions per capita: 39.51 MT Per capita emissions reduction: 39.51 MT (Huancavelica corridor only) *

Partners: Partial investments in plantations in Churcampa and technical assistance, with possible funding of UD\$500,000 with the Cobriza mine partnership and Camposol to secure international market.

Intervention

ORGANIC NATIVE POTATO CHAIN – 5 economic corridors

Cost (USD): 34,243,360

IRR (%): 26%

NPV: USD 52,251,582

Beneficiaries: 2,200 directly and 12,000 indirectly

Net income increase per year: USD 1,175/ per capita

Per capita emissions reduction: TBD

Partners: With the National Institute of Agrarian Innovation (INIA), International Potato Center (CIP) CITE Papa and companies of potato industry.